

ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL	
MEETING:	STANDARDS COMMITTEE (DISPENSATION PANEL)
DATE:	30 APRIL 2026
TITLE OF REPORT:	TO CONSIDER AN APPLICATION FOR DISPENSATION
PURPOSE OF THE REPORT:	TO DETERMINE AN APPLICATION FOR DISPENSATION BY A MEMBER OF BEAUMARIS TOWN COUNCIL AND THE TERMS OF ANY DISPENSATION GRANTED
REPORT BY:	GURVYNDA PADDAN-WHITE LEGAL SERVICES MANAGER (Locum)

DOCUMENTS ATTACHED

1. Code of Conduct for Members of Beaumaris Town Council
2. Standards Committee (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001
3. Part 4 of the Local Government Regulations (Standards Committees, Investigations, Dispensations and Referral) (Wales) (Amendment) 2016
4. Briefing Note provided by the Standards Committee to the Town and Community Councillors on Dispensations together with Application and Decision Forms
5. Application by Councillor Rhian Jones
6. Methodology Note for the consideration of applications for dispensation

1. BACKGROUND

As set out in the Code of Conduct for Beaumaris Town Council (**Enclosure 1**), any member who has a personal and prejudicial interest in an item of business is precluded from participation in relation to that business

Personal interests are listed in paragraph 10 of the Code. The definition of prejudicial interests is provided in paragraph 12 of the Code.

In some limited, and specified, circumstances a member may be able to overreach the impediment created by the personal and prejudicial interest if they are able to obtain a dispensation from the Standards Committee.

Dispensations may only be granted in the circumstances listed in Section 2 of **Enclosure 2**.

2. THE APPLICATION

The application to be considered is included in **Enclosure 5**. Following advice from the Monitoring Officer to Councillor Rhian Jones regarding interests, the application is made on the basis that Councillor Jones has a family connection with the Chair and Vice Chair of Beaumaris Chamber of Trade and Tourism. The dispensation is sought to allow Councillor Jones to participate in future meetings or discussions relating to the Chamber of Trade.

3. PANEL'S CONSIDERATIONS

The Panel should consider the Methodology Note provided at **Enclosure 6**.

Should the Panel decide to grant the dispensation, consideration should also be given to imposing constraints or limiting the dispensation specifically to those interests identified in the application etc. The Panel is referred to the 'Decision Form' included in **Enclosure 4** which notes the considerations which may apply.

4. RECOMMENDATIONS

To consider the merits of the application and:

(A) determine whether or not to grant dispensation; and,

(B) if granting dispensation, to consider:-

- (i) on what ground or grounds the dispensation is granted; and
- (ii) whether there are any limitations/constraints to be imposed

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Deddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000	Local Government Act 2000
Cod Ymddygiad Enghreifftiol ar gyfer Aelodau ac Aelodau Cyfetholedig â hawliau pleidleisio	Model Code of Conduct for Members and Co-opted Members with voting rights
<p>Mae'r Atodiad amgaeedig yn nodi testun (yn Gymraeg a Saesneg) y Cod Ymddygiad Enghreifftiol a bennir gan Orchymyn Awdurdodau Lleol (Cod Ymddygiad Enghreifftiol) (Cymru) 2008, fel y'i diwygiwyd gan yr offerynnau statudol canlynol:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rheoliadau Deddf Cwmnïau Cydweithredol a Chymdeithasau Budd Cymunedol ac Undebau Credyd 2010 (Diwygiadau Canlyniadol) 2014 - (Rhif 2014/1815) ("Rheoliadau 2014") - yn dod i rym ar 1 Awst 2014. • Gorchymyn Awdurdodau Lleol (Cod Ymddygiad Enghreifftiol) (Cymru) (Diwygio) 2008 (Rhif 2016/84) – yn dod i rym ar 1 Ebrill 2016. <p>Cynhyrchwyd y ddogfen hon er budd awdurdodau perthnasol y mae'r Cod Enghreifftiol yn gymwys iddynt, ond nid oes ganddi unrhyw statws cyfreithiol. Credir ei bod yn cynrychioli'r gyfraith ar 1 Ebrill 2016 yn wir ac yn gywir, ond ni roddir unrhyw sicrwydd yn hyn o beth, a dylai'r awdurdodau geisio eu cyngor cyfreithiol eu hunain ar faterion sy'n ymwneud â'r Cod.</p> <p>Sylwer: Gwnaed Rheoliadau 2014 gan Lywodraeth y DU. Maent yn diwygio'r Cod Enghreifftiol drwy fewnosodi diffiniad o 'cymdeithas gofrestredig'. Mae'n ymddangos na ddiwygiwyd fersiwn Gymraeg y Cod Enghreifftiol ar yr un pryd. Mae Llywodraeth Cymru wrthi'n trafod hyn â Llywodraeth y DU gyda'r bwriad o ddiwygio'r fersiwn Gymraeg cyn gynted ag y bo'n ymarferol.</p> <p>Yn y cyfamser, nid yw Llywodraeth Cymru yn credu bod yr anghysondeb hwn yn effeithio'n ymarferol ar weithredu'r Cod Enghreifftiol.</p>	<p>The attached Annex sets out the text (in English and Welsh) of the Model Code of Conduct prescribed by the Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) Order 2008, as amended by the following statutory instruments:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies and Credit Unions Act 2010 (Consequential Amendments) Regulations 2014 – (No. 2014/1815) ("the 2014 Regulations") – effective from 1 August 2014. • Local Authorities (Model Code of Conduct) (Wales) (Amendment) Order 2008 (No. 2016/84) – effective from 1 April 2016. <p>This document has been produced for the benefit of relevant authorities to whom the Model Code applies, but it does not itself have any legal standing. It is believed to be a true and accurate representation of the law as at 1 April 2016, but no assurance is given in this regard and authorities should take their own legal advice on matters relating to the Code.</p> <p>Please note the 2014 Regulations were made by the UK Government. They amend the Model Code to insert a definition of a 'registered society'. It appears that the Welsh language version of the Model Code was not amended at the same time. The Welsh Government is in discussion with the UK Government about this with a view to the Welsh language version being amended as soon as practicable.</p> <p>In the interim, the Welsh Government does not believe this anomaly has a material bearing on the operation of the Model Code.</p>

Y COD YMDDYGIAD ENGHREIFFTIOL

RHAN 1 DEHONGLI

1.—(1) Yn y cod hwn —

mae "aelod" ("*member*") yn cynnwys aelod cyfetholedig onid yw'r cyd-destun yn mynnu fel arall;

ystyr "aelod cyfetholedig" ("*co-opted member*"), mewn perthynas ag awdurdod perthnasol, yw person nad yw'n aelod o'r awdurdod ond—

(a) sy'n aelod o unrhyw bwyllgor neu is-bwyllgor i'r awdurdod, neu

(b) sy'n aelod o unrhyw gyd-bwyllgor neu gyd-is-bwyllgor i'r awdurdod, ac sy'n cynrychioli'r awdurdod arno,

ac sydd â'r hawl i bleidleisio ar unrhyw gwestiwn sydd i'w benderfynu mewn unrhyw gyfarfod o'r pwyllgor neu o'r is-bwyllgor hwnnw;

ystyr "eich awdurdod" ("*your authority*") yw'r awdurdod perthnasol yr ydych chi'n aelod neu'n aelod cyfetholedig ohono;

ystyr "awdurdod perthnasol" ("*relevant authority*") yw—

(a) cyngor sir,

(b) cyngor bwrdeistref sirol,

(c) cyngor cymuned,

(ch) awdurdod tân ac achub a gyfansoddwyd drwy gynllun o dan adran 2 o Ddeddf Gwasanaethau Tân ac Achub 2004 neu gynllun y mae adran 4 o'r Ddeddf honno yn gymwys iddo,

(d) awdurdod Parc Cenedlaethol a sefydlwyd o dan adran 63 o Ddeddf yr Amgylchedd 1995;

ystyr "cofrestr o fuddiannau'r aelodau" ("register of members' interests") yw'r gofrestr a sefydlir ac a gedwir o dan adran 81 o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000;

ystyr "cyfarfod" ("*meeting*") yw unrhyw gyfarfod —

(a) o'r awdurdod perthnasol,

(b) o unrhyw weithrediaeth neu fwrdd i'r awdurdod perthnasol,

(c) o unrhyw bwyllgor, is-bwyllgor, cyd-bwyllgor neu gyd-is-bwyllgor i'r awdurdod perthnasol neu unrhyw bwyllgor, is-bwyllgor, cyd-bwyllgor neu gyd-is-bwyllgor o'r fath i unrhyw weithrediaeth neu fwrdd i'r awdurdod, neu

(ch) y mae aelodau neu swyddogion yr awdurdod perthnasol yn bresennol ynddo ac eithrio cyfarfod grŵp gwleidyddol a gyfansoddwyd yn unol â rheoliad 8 o Reoliadau Llywodraeth Leol (Pwyllgorau a Grwpiau Gwleidyddol) 1990,

ac mae'n cynnwys amgylchiadau pan fo aelod o weithrediaeth neu fwrdd neu swyddog sy'n gweithredu ar ei ben ei hun yn arfer un o swyddogaethau awdurdod; ac

ystyr "chi" ("*you*") yw chi fel aelod neu aelod cyfetholedig o awdurdod perthnasol.

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(2) Mewn perthynas â chyngor cymuned—

(a) ystyr “swyddog priodol” (“proper officer”) yw swyddog o’r cyngor hwnnw o fewn ystyr adran 270(3) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 1972; a

(b) ystyr “pwyllgor safonau” (“standards committee”) yw pwyllgor safonau’r cyngor sir neu’r cyngor bwrdeistref sirol sydd â swyddogaethau mewn perthynas â’r cyngor cymuned y mae’n gyfrifol amdano o dan adran 56(1) a (2) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000.

RHAN 2 DARPARIAETHAU CYFFREDINOL

2.—(1) Ac eithrio pan fo paragraff 3(a) yn gymwys, rhaid i chi gydymffurfio â’r cod ymddygiad hwn —

(a) pa bryd bynnag y byddwch yn cynnal busnes eich awdurdod, neu'n bresennol mewn un o gyfarfodydd eich awdurdod;

(b) pa bryd bynnag y byddwch yn gweithredu, yn honni gweithredu neu'n rhoi'r argraff eich bod yn gweithredu yn rôl aelod y cawsoch eich ethol neu eich penodi iddi;

(c) pa bryd bynnag y byddwch yn gweithredu, yn honni gweithredu neu'n rhoi'r argraff eich bod yn gweithredu fel un o gynrychiolwyr eich awdurdod; neu

(ch) ar bob adeg ac mewn unrhyw gapasiti, mewn cysylltiad ag ymddygiad a nodir ym mharagraffau 6(1)(a) a 7.

(2) Dylech ddarllen y cod hwn ar y cyd â’r egwyddorion cyffredinol a ragnodir o dan adran 49(2) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000 o ran Cymru.

3. Os byddwch wedi eich ethol, eich penodi neu eich enwebu gan eich awdurdod i wasanaethu —

(a) ar awdurdod perthnasol arall, neu ar unrhyw gorff arall, sy'n cynnwys Bwrdd Iechyd Lleol rhaid i chi, pan fyddwch yn gweithredu ar ran yr awdurdod arall neu'r corff arall hwnnw, gydymffurfio â chod ymddygiad yr awdurdod arall neu'r corff arall hwnnw; neu

(b) ar unrhyw gorff arall nad oes ganddo god sy'n ymwneud ag ymddygiad ei aelodau, rhaid i chi, pan fyddwch yn gweithredu ar ran y corff arall hwnnw, gydymffurfio â’r cod ymddygiad hwn, ac eithrio pan yw'n gwrthdaro ag unrhyw rwymedigaethau cyfreithlon eraill y gall y corff hwnnw fod yn ddarostyngedig iddynt neu i'r graddau y mae'n gwrthdaro â’r cyfryw rwymedigaethau.

4. Rhaid i chi —

(a) cyflawni eich dyletswyddau a'ch cyfrifoldebau gan roi sylw dyladwy i'r egwyddor y dylai fod cyfle cyfartal i bawb, waeth beth fo'u rhyw, eu hil, eu hanabledd, eu cyfeiriadedd rhywiol, eu hoed neu eu crefydd;

(b) dangos parch at eraill ac ystyriaeth ohonynt;

(c) peidio ag ymddwyn fel bwli neu harasio unrhyw berson; a

(ch) peidio â gwneud dim sy'n cyfaddawdu, neu sy'n debygol o gyfaddawdu, didueddrwydd y sawl sy'n gweithio i'ch cyngor neu ar ei ran.

5. Rhaid i chi —

(a) peidio â datgelu gwybodaeth gyfrinachol neu wybodaeth y byddai'n rhesymol ystyried ei bod o natur gyfrinachol, heb gydsyniad datganedig person a awdurdodwyd i roi cydsyniad o'r fath, neu onid yw'r gyfraith yn mynnu eich bod yn gwneud hynny;

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(b) peidio â rhwystro unrhyw berson rhag gweld gwybodaeth y mae gan y person hwnnw hawl i'w gweld yn ôl y gyfraith.

6.—(1) Rhaid i chi —

(a) peidio ag ymddwyn mewn ffordd y gellid yn rhesymol ei hystyried yn un sy'n dwyn anfri ar eich swydd neu ar eich awdurdod;

(b) adrodd, p'un ai drwy weithdrefn adrodd gyfrinachol eich awdurdod neu'n uniongyrchol i'r awdurdod priodol, ar unrhyw ymddygiad gan aelod arall neu gan unrhyw un sy'n gweithio i'ch awdurdod neu ar ei ran ac y mae'n rhesymol i chi fod o'r farn ei fod yn golygu neu'n debygol o olygu ymddygiad troseddol (nad yw at ddibenion y paragraff hwn yn cynnwys tramgwyddau neu ymddygiad y gellir ei gosbi drwy gosb benodedig);

(c) adrodd i swyddog monitro eich awdurdod ar unrhyw ymddygiad gan aelod arall y mae'n rhesymol i chi fod o'r farn ei fod yn groes i'r cod ymddygiad hwn;

(ch) peidio â gwneud cwynion blinderus, maleisus neu wacsaw yn erbyn aelodau eraill neu unrhyw un sy'n gweithio i'ch awdurdod neu ar ei ran.

(2) Rhaid i chi gydymffurfio ag unrhyw gais gan swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu gan Ombwdsmon Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus Cymru, mewn cysylltiad ag ymchwiliad a wneir yn unol â'u gwahanol bwerau statudol.

7. Rhaid i chi —

(a) yn eich capasiti swyddogol neu fel arall, beidio â defnyddio neu geisio defnyddio eich safle yn amhriodol i roi neu i sicrhau mantais i chi eich hun neu i unrhyw berson arall, neu i greu neu i osgoi anfantais i chi eich hun neu i unrhyw berson arall;

(b) peidio â defnyddio adnoddau eich awdurdod, neu awdurdodi eraill i'w defnyddio—

(i) yn annoeth;

(ii) yn groes i ofynion eich awdurdod;

(iii) yn anghyfreithlon;

(iv) ac eithrio mewn dull a fwriedir i hwyluso neu i ffafrio cyflawni swyddogaethau'r awdurdod neu'r swydd yr ydych wedi eich ethol neu eich penodi iddo neu iddi;

(v) yn amhriodol at ddibenion gwleidyddol; neu

(vi) yn amhriodol at ddibenion preifat.

8. Rhaid i chi —

(a) pan fyddwch yn cyfrannu mewn cyfarfodydd neu'n gwneud penderfyniadau ynghylch busnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef, wneud hynny ar sail rhinweddau'r amgylchiadau o dan sylw ac er budd y cyhoedd gan roi sylw i unrhyw gyngor perthnasol a ddarperir gan swyddogion eich awdurdod, ac yn benodol gan —

(i) pennaeth gwasanaeth taledig yr awdurdod;

(ii) prif swyddog cyllid yr awdurdod;

(iii) swyddog monitro'r awdurdod;

(iv) prif swyddog cyfreithiol yr awdurdod (y dylid ymgynghori ag ef pan fo unrhyw amheuaeth ynghylch pw^ er yr awdurdod i weithredu, ynghylch a yw'r cam a arfaethir yn dod o fewn y fframwaith polisi y cytunwyd arno gan yr awdurdod neu os gallai canlyniadau cyfreithiol gweithredu neu fetu â gweithredu gan yr awdurdod gael ôl-ffeithiau pwysig);

(b) rhoi rhesymau dros bob penderfyniad yn unol ag unrhyw ofynion statudol ac unrhyw ofynion rhesymol ychwanegol a osodir gan eich awdurdod.

9. Rhaid i chi —

(a) parchu'r gyfraith a rheolau eich awdurdod sy'n llywodraethu hawlio treuliau a lwfansau mewn cysylltiad â'ch dyletswyddau fel aelod;

(b) osgoi derbyn rhoddion oddi wrth neb, na lletygarwch (ac eithrio lletygarwch swyddogol, megis derbyniad dinesig neu weithio dros ginio, a awdurdodir yn briodol gan eich awdurdod) na buddiannau materol neu wasanaethau i chi eich hun neu i unrhyw berson os byddai gwneud hynny'n eich rhoi o dan rwymedigaeth amhriodol, neu os gallai'n rhesymol ymddangos fel pe bai'n gwneud hynny.

RHAN 3 BUDDIANNAU

Buddiannau Personol

10.—(1) Ym mhob mater rhaid i chi ystyried a oes gennych fuddiant personol, ac a yw'r cod ymddygiad hwn yn ei gwneud yn ofynnol i chi ddatgelu'r buddiant hwnnw.

(2) Rhaid i chi ystyried bod gennych fuddiant personol mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef —

(a) os yw'n gysylltiedig â'r canlynol, neu'n debygol o effeithio arnynt —

(i) unrhyw gyflogaeth yr ydych yn ymgymryd â hi neu fusnes yr ydych yn ei redeg;

(ii) unrhyw berson sy'n eich cyflogi neu sydd wedi eich penodi, unrhyw ffyrm yr ydych yn bartner ynddi neu unrhyw gwmni yr ydych yn gyfarwyddwr arno ac yn derbyn tâl;

(iii) unrhyw berson, ac eithrio eich awdurdod, sydd wedi rhoi taliad i chi mewn cysylltiad â'ch ethol neu mewn cysylltiad ag unrhyw dreuliau a dynnwyd gennych wrth i chi gyflawni eich dyletswyddau fel aelod;

(iv) unrhyw gorff corfforaethol y mae ganddo le busnes neu dir yn ardal eich awdurdod, ac y mae gennych chi fuddiant llesionol mewn dosbarth o warannau sydd gan y corff hwnnw ac sy'n werth mwy na'r gwerth enwol o £25,000 neu un ganfed ran o gyfanswm cyfalaf cyfrannau dyroddedig y corff hwnnw;

(v) unrhyw contract am nwyddau, gwasanaethau neu waith neu weithfeydd a wnaed rhyngoch chi, rhwng ffyrm yr ydych yn bartner ynddi, neu rhwng cwmni yr ydych yn gyfarwyddwr arno ac yn derbyn tâl, neu rhwng corff o'r math a ddisgrifir yn is-baragraff (iv) uchod a'ch awdurdod;

(vi) unrhyw dir y mae gennych fuddiant llesionol ynddo ac sydd yn ardal eich awdurdod;

(vii) unrhyw dir y mae eich awdurdod yn landlord arno ac y mae ffyrm yr ydych yn bartner ynddi, cwmni yr ydych yn gyfarwyddwr arno ac yn derbyn tâl, neu gorff o'r math a ddisgrifir yn is-baragraff (iv) uchod yn denant arno;

(viii) unrhyw gorff yr ydych wedi eich ethol, eich penodi neu eich enwebu gan eich awdurdod i fod arno;

(ix) unrhyw —

(aa) awdurdod cyhoeddus neu gorff sy'n arfer swyddogaethau o natur gyhoeddus;

(bb) cwmni, cymdeithas ddiwydiannol a darbodus, elusen, neu gorff arall a chanddo ddibenion elusenol;

(cc) corff y mae dylanwadu ar farn neu bolisi cyhoeddus ymhlith ei brif ddibenion;
(chch) undeb llafur neu gymdeithas broffesiynol; neu

(dd) clwb preifat neu gymdeithas breifat sy'n gweithredu o fewn ardal eich awdurdod,

yr ydych yn aelod ohono neu ohoni neu mewn safle rheolaeth neu reoli cyffredinol ynddo neu ynddi;

(x) unrhyw dir yn ardal eich awdurdod y mae gennych drwydded (ar eich pen eich hun neu ar y cyd ag eraill) i'w feddiannu am 28 o ddiwrnodau neu fwy;

[Nodyn: Mae is-baragraff (b) wedi ei hepgor.]

(c) pe byddai'n rhesymol ystyried penderfyniad arno yn benderfyniad a fyddai'n effeithio —

(i) ar eich llesiant neu eich sefyllfa ariannol, neu lesiant neu sefyllfa ariannol person yr ydych yn byw gydag ef, neu unrhyw berson y mae gennych gysylltiad personol agos ag ef;

(ii) ar unrhyw gyflogaeth yr ymgwymerir â hi neu fusnes a redir gan bersonau fel a ddisgrifir yn 10(2)(c)(i);

(iii) ar unrhyw berson sy'n cyflogi neu sydd wedi penodi'r cyfryw bersonau ag a ddisgrifir yn 10(2)(c)(i), unrhyw ffyrm y mae'r cyfryw bersonau'n bartneriaid ynddi, neu unrhyw gwmni y maent yn gyfarwyddwyr arno;

(iv) ar unrhyw gorff corfforaethol y mae gan bersonau fel a ddisgrifir yn 10(2)(c)(i) fuddiant llesiannol mewn dosbarth o warannau sy'n werth mwy na'r gwerth enwol o £5,000; neu

(v) ar unrhyw gorff a restrir ym mharagraffau 10(2)(a)(ix)(aa) i (dd) y mae personau a ddisgrifir yn 10(2)(c)(i) mewn safle rheolaeth neu reoli cyffredinol ynddo,

a hynny i raddau mwy—

(aa) yn achos awdurdod â dosbarthiadau etholiadol neu wardiau, na'r rhelyw o bobl eraill sy'n talu'r dreth gyngor, bobl eraill sy'n talu ardrethi neu breswylwyr eraill yn y dosbarth etholiadol neu'r ward, yn ôl y digwydd, y bydd y penderfyniad yn effeithio arnynt; neu

(bb) ym mhob achos arall, na'r rhelyw o bobl eraill sy'n talu'r dreth gyngor, o bobl eraill sy'n talu ardrethi neu breswylwyr eraill yn ardal yr awdurdod.

Datgelu Buddiannau Personol

11.—(1) Pan fydd gennych fuddiant personol mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef ac y byddwch yn bresennol mewn cyfarfod lle y caiff y busnes hwnnw ei ystyried, rhaid i chi ddatgelu ar lafar gerbron y cyfarfod hwnnw fodolaeth a natur y buddiant hwnnw cyn i'r cyfarfod ystyried y busnes neu ar ddechrau'r ystyriaeth, neu pan ddaw'r buddiant i'r amlwg.

(2) Pan fydd gennych fuddiant personol mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef ac y byddwch yn gwneud

(a) cynrychioliadau ysgrifenedig (p'un ai drwy lythyr, neges ffacs neu ar ryw ffurf arall ar gyfathrebu electronig) i un o aelodau neu o swyddogion eich awdurdod ynghylch y busnes hwnnw, dylech gynnwys manylion am y buddiant hwnnw yn y gyfathrebiaeth ysgrifenedig; neu

(b) cynrychioliadau llafar (p'un ai'n bersonol neu ar ryw ffurf ar gyfathrebu electronig) i un o aelodau neu o swyddogion eich awdurdod dylech ddatgelu'r buddiant ar ddechrau'r cyfryw gynrychioliadau, neu pan ddaw'n amlwg i chi fod gennych fuddiant o'r fath, a chadarnhau'r cynrychioliad a'r buddiant yn ysgrifenedig o fewn 14 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl gwneud y cynrychioliad.

(3) Yn ddarostyngedig i baragraff 14(1)(b) isod, os bydd gennych fuddiant personol mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef ac y byddwch wedi gwneud penderfyniad wrth arfer un o swyddogaethau gweithrediaeth neu fwrdd, rhaid i chi mewn perthynas â'r busnes hwnnw sicrhau bod unrhyw ddatganiad ysgrifenedig ynghylch y penderfyniad hwnnw'n cofnodi bodolaeth a natur eich buddiant.

(4) Rhaid i chi, mewn cysylltiad â buddiant personol nas datgelwyd eisoes, cyn cyfarfod neu'n syth ar ôl diwedd cyfarfod pan ddatgelir y buddiant yn unol ag is-baragraff 11(1), roi hysbysiad ysgrifenedig i'ch awdurdod yn unol ag unrhyw ofnyion

(v. 01.04.2016)

a nodir gan swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu mewn perthynas â chynghor cymuned, swyddog priodol eich awdurdod o bryd i'w gilydd ond, rhaid cynnwys o leiaf —

- (a) manylion am y buddiant personol;
- (b) manylion am y busnes y mae'r buddiant personol yn gysylltiedig ag ef; ac
- (c) eich llofnod.

(5) Pan fydd eich swyddog monitro wedi cytuno bod yr wybodaeth sy'n ymwneud â'ch buddiant personol yn wybodaeth sensitif, yn unol â pharagraff 16(1), mae eich rhwymedigaethau o dan y paragraff 11 hwn i ddatgelu'r cyfryw wybodaeth, p'un ai ar lafar neu'n ysgrifenedig, i'w disodli gan rwymedigaeth i ddatgelu bodolaeth buddiant personol ac i gadarnhau bod eich swyddog monitro wedi cytuno bod y cyfryw fuddiant personol o natur gwybodaeth sensitif.

(6) At ddibenion is-baragraff (4), dim ond os bod hysbysiad ysgrifenedig wedi ei ddarparu yn unol â'r cod hwn ers y dyddiad diwethaf pryd yr etholwyd chi, y penodwyd chi neu yr enwebwyd chi'n aelod o'ch awdurdod y bernir bod buddiant personol wedi ei ddatgelu eisoes.

(7) At ddibenion is-baragraff (3), os na ddarperir hysbysiad ysgrifenedig yn unol â'r paragraff hwnnw bernir na fyddwch wedi datgan buddiant personol yn unol â'r cod hwn.

Buddiannau sy'n Rhagfarnu

12.—(1) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraff (2) isod, os bydd gennych fuddiant personol mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef bydd gennych hefyd fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu yn y busnes hwnnw os bydd y buddiant yn un y bydd yn rhesymol i aelod o'r cyhoedd sy'n gwybod y ffeithiau perthnasol fod o'r farn ei fod mor arwyddocaol fel y bydd yn debygol o ragfarnu eich barn ynghylch buddiant cyhoeddus.

(2) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraff (3), nid ystyrir bod gennych fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu mewn unrhyw fusnes os bydd y busnes hwnnw—

(a) yn gysylltiedig—

- (i) ag awdurdod perthnasol arall yr ydych hefyd yn aelod ohono;
- (ii) ag awdurdod cyhoeddus arall neu gorff sy'n arfer swyddogaethau o natur gyhoeddus lle yr ydych mewn safle rheolaeth neu reoli cyffredinol;
- (iii) â chorff yr ydych wedi cael eich ethol, eich penodi neu eich enwebu gan eich awdurdod i fod arno;
- (iv) â'ch rôl fel llywodraethwr ysgol (os na chwsoch eich penodi neu eich enwebu gan eich awdurdod) oni bai bod y busnes yn benodol gysylltiedig â'r ysgol yr ydych yn un o'i llywodraethwyr;
- (v) â'ch rôl fel aelod o Fwrdd Iechyd Lleol os na chwsoch eich penodi neu eich enwebu gan eich awdurdod i fod arno;

(b) yn gysylltiedig:

- (i) â swyddogaethau tai eich awdurdod os oes gennych denantiaeth neu les gyda'ch awdurdod, ar yr amod nad oes arnoch i'ch awdurdod ôl-ddyledion rhent o fwy na deufis, ac ar yr amod nad yw'r swyddogaethau hynny'n ymwneud yn arbennig â'ch tenantiaeth neu â'ch les;
- (ii) â swyddogaethau eich awdurdod mewn cysylltiad â phrydau ysgol, cludiant a threuliau teithio, os ydych chi'n warchodwr, yn rhiant, yn fam-gu neu'n nain neu'n dad-cu neu'n daid, neu os oes gennych gyfrifoldeb rhiant (fel y'i diffinnir yn adran 3 o Deddf Plant 1989) dros blentyn sy'n cael addysg lawnamser, onid yw'r busnes yn benodol gysylltiedig â'r ysgol y mae'r plentyn hwnnw'n ei mynychu;
- (iii) â swyddogaethau eich awdurdod mewn cysylltiad â thâl salwch statudol o dan Ran XI o Ddeddf Cyfraniadau a Budd-daliadau Nawdd Cymdeithasol 1992, os ydych yn cael, neu os oes gennych hawl i gael, taliad o'r fath gan eich awdurdod;

“(iv) â swyddogaethau eich awdurdod mewn cysylltiad â lwfans neu daliad a wneir yn unol â darpariaethau Rhan 8 o Fesur Llywodraeth Leol (Cymru) 2011, neu lwfans neu bensiwn a ddarperir o dan adran 18 o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol a Thai 1989;

(c) yn gysylltiedig â'ch rôl fel cynghorydd cymunedol mewn perthynas â grant, benthyciad neu fath arall ar gymorth ariannol a wnaed gan eich cyngor cymuned i gyrff cymunedol neu wirfoddol hyd at uchafswm o £500.

(3) Nid yw'r esemptiadau yn is-baragraff (2)(a) yn gymwys os yw'r busnes yn gysylltiedig â dyfarnu ar unrhyw gymeradwyaeth, cydsyniad, trwydded, caniatâd neu gofrestrriad.

Pwyllgorau Trosolygu a Chraffu

13. Bydd gennych hefyd fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu mewn unrhyw fusnes sydd gerbron un o bwyllgorau trosolygu a chraffu eich awdurdod (neu un o is-bwyllgorau pwyllgor o'r fath)—

(a) os bydd y busnes hwnnw'n gysylltiedig â phenderfyniad a wnaed (p'un a gafodd ei weithredu ai peidio) neu gam a gymerwyd gan weithrediaeth, bwrdd, neu un arall o bwyllgorau, is-bwyllgorau, cyd-bwyllgorau neu o gyd-is-bwyllgorau eich awdurdod; a

(b) os oeddech chi, ar yr adeg pan wnaed y penderfyniad neu pan gymerwyd y cam, yn aelod o'r weithrediaeth, y bwrdd, y pwyllgor, yr is-bwyllgor, y cyd-bwyllgor neu'r cyd-is-bwyllgor a grybwyllir yn is-baragraff (a) a'ch bod chi'n bresennol pan wnaed y penderfyniad hwnnw neu pan gymerwyd y cam hwnnw.

Cyfrannu mewn Perthynas â Datgelu Buddiannau

14.—(1) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraffau (2), (2A), (3) a (4), os bydd gennych fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef rhaid i chi, oni roddwyd i chi ollyngiad gan bwyllgor safonau eich awdurdod—

(a) ymadael â'r ystafell, y siambr neu'r man lle y mae cyfarfod i ystyried y busnes yn cael ei gynnal—

(i) pan fo is-baragraff (2) yn gymwys, yn syth ar ôl i'r cyfnod ar gyfer gwneud cynrychioliadau, ateb cwestiynau neu roi tystiolaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r busnes ddod i ben a beth bynnag cyn i ystyriaeth bellach o'r busnes ddechrau, p'un a ganiateir i'r cyhoedd aros yn bresennol ar gyfer y cyfryw ystyriaeth ai peidio; neu

(ii) mewn unrhyw achos arall, pa bryd bynnag y daw i'r amlwg bod y busnes hwnnw'n cael ei ystyried yn y cyfarfod hwnnw;

(b) peidio ag arfer swyddogaethau gweithrediaeth neu fwrdd mewn perthynas â'r busnes hwnnw;

(c) peidio â cheisio dylanwadu ar benderfyniad ynghylch y busnes hwnnw;

(ch) peidio â gwneud unrhyw gynrychioliadau ysgrifenedig (p'un ai drwy lythyr, neges ffacs neu ar ryw ffurf arall ar gyfathrebu electronig) mewn perthynas â'r busnes hwnnw; a

(d) peidio â gwneud unrhyw gynrychioliadau llafar (p'un ai'n bersonol neu ar ryw ffurf ar gyfathrebu electronig) mewn cysylltiad â'r busnes hwnnw neu rhaid i chi roi'r gorau ar unwaith i wneud y cyfryw gynrychioliadau llafar pan ddaw'r buddiant sy'n rhagfarnu i'r amlwg.

(2) Os oes gennych fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef cewch fod yn bresennol mewn cyfarfod ond dim ond er mwyn gwneud cynrychioliadau, ateb cwestiynau neu roi tystiolaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r busnes, ar yr amod y caniateir hefyd i'r cyhoedd fod yn bresennol yn y cyfarfod i'r un diben, p'un ai o dan hawl statudol neu fel arall.

(2A) Os oes gennych fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu mewn unrhyw fusnes y mae a wnelo eich awdurdod ag ef cewch gyflwyno cynrychioliadau ysgrifenedig i gyfarfod sy'n ymwneud â'r busnes hwnnw, ar yr amod y caniateir i'r cyhoedd fod yn bresennol yn y cyfarfod at y diben o wneud cynrychioliadau, ateb cwestiynau neu roi tystiolaeth sy'n ymwneud â'r busnes, pa un ai o dan hawl statudol neu fel arall.

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(2B) Pan fyddwch yn cyflwyno cynrychioliadau ysgrifenedig o dan is-baragraff (2A), rhaid i chi gydymffurfio ag unrhyw weithdrefn y caiff eich awdurdod ei fabwysiadu ar gyfer cyflwyno cynrychioliadau o'r fath.

(3) Nid yw is-baragraff (1) yn eich rhwystro rhag bod yn bresennol a chyfrannu mewn cyfarfod —

(a) os gofynnir i chi fod yn bresennol mewn cyfarfod pwyllgor trosolwg neu graffu, gan y cyfryw bwyllgor ac yntau'n arfer ei bwerau statudol; neu

(b) os oes gennych y fantais o fod gollyngiad wedi ei roi i chi ar yr amod—

(i) eich bod yn datgan yn y cyfarfod eich bod yn dibynnu ar y gollyngiad; a

(ii) eich bod, cyn y cyfarfod neu'n syth ar ôl i'r cyfarfod orffen, yn rhoi hysbysiad ysgrifenedig i'ch awdurdod a bod hwnnw'n cynnwys —

(aa) manylion y buddiant sy'n rhagfarnu;

(bb) manylion y busnes y mae'r buddiant sy'n rhagfarnu'n gysylltiedig ag ef;

(cc) manylion y gollyngiad a'r dyddiad pryd y'i rhoddwyd; a

(chch) eich llofnod.

(4) Os bydd gennych fuddiant sy'n rhagfarnu a'ch bod yn gwneud cynrychioliadau ysgrifenedig neu lafar i'ch awdurdod gan ddibynnu ar ollyngiad, rhaid i chi ddarparu manylion am y gollyngiad o fewn unrhyw gynrychioliad ysgrifenedig neu lafar o'r fath ac, yn yr achos olaf hwn, rhaid i chi ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer eich awdurdod o fewn 14 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl gwneud y cynrychioliad.

RHAN 4 COFRESTR BUDDIANNAU AELODAU

Cofrestru Buddiannau Personal

15.—(1) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraff (4), rhaid i chi, o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl—

(a) i god ymddygiad eich awdurdod gael ei fabwysiadu neu i ddarpariaethau gorfodol y cod enghreifftiol hwn gael eu cymhwyso i'ch awdurdod; neu

(b) i chi gael eich ethol neu eich penodi i swydd (os digwydd hynny'n ddiweddarach),

gofrestru eich buddiannau personol, os ydynt yn dod o fewn categori a grybwyllir ym mharagraff 10(2)(a), yng nghofrestr eich awdurdod o fuddiannau'r aelodau drwy ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer swyddog monitro eich awdurdod.

(2) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraff (4), rhaid i chi, o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl dod yn ymwybodol o unrhyw fuddiant personol newydd sy'n dod o fewn categori a grybwyllir ym mharagraff 10(2)(a), gofrestru'r buddiant personol newydd hwnnw yng nghofrestr eich awdurdod o fuddiannau'r aelodau drwy ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer swyddog monitro eich awdurdod.

(3) Yn ddarostyngedig i is-baragraff (4), rhaid i chi, o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl dod yn ymwybodol o unrhyw newid i fuddiant personol a gofrestrwyd sy'n dod o fewn categori a grybwyllir ym mharagraff 10(2)(a), gofrestru'r newid hwnnw yng nghofrestr eich awdurdod o fuddiannau'r aelodau drwy ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu, yn achos cyngor cymuned, swyddog priodol eich awdurdod.

(4) Nid yw is-baragraffau (1), (2) a (3) yn gymwys i wybodaeth sensitif a benderfynir yn unol â pharagraff 16(1).

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(5) Nid yw is-baragraffau (1) a (2) yn gymwys os ydych yn aelod o awdurdod perthnasol sy'n gyngor cymuned pan fyddwch yn gweithredu yn eich capasiti fel aelod o awdurdod o'r fath.

(6) Pan fyddwch yn datgelu buddiant personol yn unol â pharagraff 11 am y tro cyntaf, rhaid i chi gofrestru'r buddiant personol hwnnw yng nghofrestr eich awdurdod o fuddiannau'r aelodau drwy ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu, yn achos cyngor cymuned, swyddog priodol eich awdurdod.

Gwybodaeth sensitif

16.—(1) Os byddwch yn ystyried bod yr wybodaeth sy'n ymwneud ag unrhyw un neu rai o'ch buddiannau personol yn wybodaeth sensitif, a bod swyddog monitro eich awdurdod yn cytuno, nid oes angen i chi gynnwys yr wybodaeth honno pan fyddwch yn cofrestru'r buddiant hwnnw, neu, yn ôl y digwydd, newid i'r buddiant o dan baragraff 15.

(2) Rhaid i chi, o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl i chi ddod yn ymwybodol o unrhyw newid yn eich amgylchiadau sy'n golygu nad yw gwybodaeth sydd wedi ei heithrio o dan is-baragraff (1) mwyach yn wybodaeth sensitif, hysbysu swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu mewn perthynas â chyngor cymuned, swyddog priodol eich awdurdod gan ofyn am i'r wybodaeth gael ei chynnwys yng nghofrestr buddiannau aelodau eich awdurdod.

(3) Yn y cod hwn, ystyr "gwybodaeth sensitif" ("*sensitive information*") yw gwybodaeth y mae ei rhoi ar gael i'w harchwilio gan y cyhoedd yn creu, neu'n debygol o greu, risg ddifrifol y gallech chi neu berson sy'n byw gyda chi fod yn destun trais neu fygythion.

Cofrestru Rhoddion a Lletygarwch

17. Rhaid i chi, o fewn 28 o ddiwrnodau ar ôl i chi gael unrhyw rodd, lletygarwch, buddiant materol neu fantais faterol, sy'n fwy na gwerth a bennir mewn penderfyniad gan eich awdurdod, ddarparu hysbysiad ysgrifenedig ar gyfer swyddog monitro eich awdurdod, neu mewn perthynas â chyngor cymuned, swyddog priodol eich awdurdod yn nodi bodolaeth a natur y rhodd honno, y lletygarwch hwnnw, y buddiant materol hwnnw neu'r fantais faterol honno.

THE MODEL CODE OF CONDUCT

PART 1 INTERPRETATION

1.—(1) In this code —

"co-opted member" ("*aelod cyfetholedig*"), in relation to a relevant authority, means a person who is not a member of the authority but who —

(a) is a member of any committee or sub-committee of the authority, or

(b) is a member of, and represents the authority on, any joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority, and who is entitled to vote on any question which falls to be decided at any meeting of that committee or subcommittee;

"meeting" ("*cyfarfod*") means any meeting —

(a) of the relevant authority,

(b) of any executive or board of the relevant authority,

(c) of any committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the relevant authority or of any such committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of any executive or board of the authority, or

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(d) where members or officers of the relevant authority are present other than a meeting of a political group constituted in accordance with regulation 8 of the Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990,

and includes circumstances in which a member of an executive or board or an officer acting alone exercises a function of an authority;

"member" ("*aelod*") includes, unless the context requires otherwise, a co-opted member;

"registered society" means a society, other than a society registered as a credit union, which is —

(a) a registered society within the meaning given by section 1(1) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014; or

(b) a society registered or deemed to be registered under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act (Northern Ireland) 1969;

"register of members' interests" ("*cofrestr o fuddiannau'r aelodau*") means the register established and maintained under section 81 of the Local Government Act 2000;

"relevant authority" ("*awdurdod perthnasol*") means—

(a) a county council,

(b) a county borough council,

(c) a community council,

(d) a fire and rescue authority constituted by a scheme under section 2 of the Fire and Rescue Services Act 2004 or a scheme to which section 4 of that Act applies,

(e) a National Park authority established under section 63 of the Environment Act 1995;

"you" ("*chi*") means you as a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority; and

"your authority" ("*eich awdurdod*") means the relevant authority of which you are a member or co-opted member.

(2) In relation to a community council—

(a) "proper officer" ("*swyddog priodol*") means an officer of that council within the meaning of section 270(3) of the Local Government Act 1972; and

(b) "standards committee" ("*pwylgor safonau*") means the standards committee of the county or county borough council which has functions in relation to the community council for which it is responsible under section 56(1) and (2) of the Local Government Act 2000.

PART 2 GENERAL PROVISIONS

2.—(1) Save where paragraph 3(a) applies, you must observe this code of conduct —

(a) whenever you conduct the business, or are present at a meeting, of your authority;

(b) whenever you act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting in the role of member to which you were elected or appointed;

(c) whenever you act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of your authority; or

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(d) at all times and in any capacity, in respect of conduct identified in paragraphs 6(1)(a) and 7.

(2) You should read this code together with the general principles prescribed under section 49(2) of the Local Government Act 2000 in relation to Wales.

3. Where you are elected, appointed or nominated by your authority to serve —

(a) on another relevant authority, or any other body, which includes a Local Health Board you must, when acting for that other authority or body, comply with the code of conduct of that other authority or body; or

(b) on any other body which does not have a code relating to the conduct of its members, you must, when acting for that other body, comply with this code of conduct, except and insofar as it conflicts with any other lawful obligations to which that other body may be subject.

4. You must —

(a) carry out your duties and responsibilities with due regard to the principle that there should be equality of opportunity for all people, regardless of their gender, race, disability, sexual orientation, age or religion;

(b) show respect and consideration for others;

(c) not use bullying behaviour or harass any person; and

(d) not do anything which compromises, or which is likely to compromise, the impartiality of those who work for, or on behalf of, your authority.

5. You must not —

(a) disclose confidential information or information which should reasonably be regarded as being of a confidential nature, without the express consent of a person authorised to give such consent, or unless required by law to do so;

(b) prevent any person from gaining access to information to which that person is entitled by law.

6.—(1) You must —

(a) not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing your office or authority into disrepute;

(b) report, whether through your authority's confidential reporting procedure or direct to the proper authority, any conduct by another member or anyone who works for, or on behalf of, your authority which you reasonably believe involves or is likely to involve criminal behaviour (which for the purposes of this paragraph does not include offences or behaviour capable of punishment by way of a fixed penalty);

(c) report to your authority's monitoring officer any conduct by another member which you reasonably believe breaches this code of conduct;

(d) not make vexatious, malicious or frivolous complaints against other members or anyone who works for, or on behalf of, your authority.

(2) You must comply with any request of your authority's monitoring officer, or the Public Services Ombudsman for Wales, in connection with an investigation conducted in accordance with their respective statutory powers.

7. You must not —

(a) in your official capacity or otherwise, use or attempt to use your position improperly to confer on or secure for yourself, or any other person, an advantage or create or avoid for yourself, or any other person, a disadvantage;

(b) use, or authorise others to use, the resources of your authority —

(i) imprudently;

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(ii) in breach of your authority's requirements;

(iii) unlawfully;

(iv) other than in a manner which is calculated to facilitate, or to be conducive to, the discharge of the functions of the authority or of the office to which you have been elected or appointed;

(v) improperly for political purposes; or

(vi) improperly for private purposes.

8. You must —

(a) when participating in meetings or reaching decisions regarding the business of your authority, do so on the basis of the merits of the circumstances involved and in the public interest having regard to any relevant advice provided by your authority's officers, in particular by —

(i) the authority's head of paid service;

(ii) the authority's chief finance officer;

(iii) the authority's monitoring officer;

(iv) the authority's chief legal officer (who should be consulted when there is any doubt as to the authority's power to act, as to whether the action proposed lies within the policy framework agreed by the authority or where the legal consequences of action or failure to act by the authority might have important repercussions);

(b) give reasons for all decisions in accordance with any statutory requirements and any reasonable additional requirements imposed by your authority.

9. You must —

(a) observe the law and your authority's rules governing the claiming of expenses and allowances in connection with your duties as a member;

(b) avoid accepting from anyone gifts, hospitality (other than official hospitality, such as a civic reception or a working lunch duly authorised by your authority), material benefits or services for yourself or any person which might place you, or reasonably appear to place you, under an improper obligation.

PART 3 INTERESTS

Personal Interests

10.—(1) You must in all matters consider whether you have a personal interest, and whether this code of conduct requires you to disclose that interest.

(2) You must regard yourself as having a personal interest in any business of your authority if —

(a) it relates to, or is likely to affect —

(i) any employment or business carried on by you;

(ii) any person who employs or has appointed you, any firm in which you are a partner or any company for which you are a remunerated director;

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(iii) any person, other than your authority, who has made a payment to you in respect of your election or any expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a member;

(iv) any corporate body which has a place of business or land in your authority's area, and in which you have a beneficial interest in a class of securities of that body that exceeds the nominal value of £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body;

(v) any contract for goods, services or works made between your authority and you or a firm in which you are a partner, a company of which you are a remunerated director, or a body of the description specified in sub-paragraph (iv) above;

(vi) any land in which you have a beneficial interest and which is in the area of your authority;

(vii) any land where the landlord is your authority and the tenant is a firm in which you are a partner, a company of which you are a remunerated director, or a body of the description specified in sub-paragraph (iv) above;

(viii) any body to which you have been elected, appointed or nominated by your authority;

(ix) any —

(aa) public authority or body exercising functions of a public nature;

(bb) company, registered society, charity, or body directed to charitable purposes;

(cc) body whose principal purposes include the influence of public opinion or policy;

(dd) trade union or professional association; or

(ee) private club, society or association operating within your authority's area,

in which you have membership or hold a position of general control or management;

(x) any land in your authority's area in which you have a licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy for 28 days or longer;

[Note: subparagraph (b) is omitted.]

(c) a decision upon it might reasonably be regarded as affecting —

(i) your well-being or financial position, or that of a person with whom you live, or any person with whom you have a close personal association;

(ii) any employment or business carried on by persons as described in 10(2)(c)(i);

(iii) any person who employs or has appointed such persons described in 10(2)(c)(i), any firm in which they are a partner, or any company of which they are directors;

(iv) any corporate body in which persons as described in 10(2)(c)(i) have a beneficial interest in a class of securities exceeding the nominal value of £5,000; or

(v) any body listed in paragraphs 10(2)(a)(ix)(aa) to (ee) in which persons described in 10(2)(c)(i) hold a position of general control or management,

to a greater extent than the majority of—

(aa) in the case of an authority with electoral divisions or wards, other council tax payers, rate payers or inhabitants of the electoral division or ward, as the case may be, affected by the decision; or

(bb) in all other cases, other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the authority's area.

Disclosure of Personal Interests

11.—(1) Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you attend a meeting at which that business is considered, you must disclose orally to that meeting the existence and nature of that interest before or at the commencement of that consideration, or when the interest becomes apparent.

(2) Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you make —

(a) written representations (whether by letter, facsimile or some other form of electronic communication) to a member or officer of your authority regarding that business, you should include details of that interest in the written communication; or

(b) oral representations (whether in person or some form of electronic communication) to a member or officer of your authority you should disclose the interest at the commencement of such representations, or when it becomes apparent to you that you have such an interest, and confirm the representation and interest in writing within 14 days of the representation.

(3) Subject to paragraph 14(1)(b) below, where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you have made a decision in exercising a function of an executive or board, you must in relation to that business ensure that any written statement of that decision records the existence and nature of your interest.

(4) You must, in respect of a personal interest not previously disclosed, before or immediately after the close of a meeting where the disclosure is made pursuant to sub-paragraph 11(1), give written notification to your authority in accordance with any requirements identified by your authority's monitoring officer, or in relation to a community council, your authority's proper officer from time to time but, as a minimum containing —

(a) details of the personal interest;

(b) details of the business to which the personal interest relates; and

(c) your signature.

(5) Where you have agreement from your monitoring officer that the information relating to your personal interest is sensitive information, pursuant to paragraph 16(1), your obligations under this paragraph 11 to disclose such information, whether orally or in writing, are to be replaced with an obligation to disclose the existence of a personal interest and to confirm that your monitoring officer has agreed that the nature of such personal interest is sensitive information.

(6) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (4), a personal interest will only be deemed to have been previously disclosed if written notification has been provided in accordance with this code since the last date on which you were elected, appointed or nominated as a member of your authority.

(7) For the purposes of sub-paragraph (3), where no written notice is provided in accordance with that paragraph you will be deemed as not to have declared a personal interest in accordance with this code.

Prejudicial Interests

12.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (2) below, where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority you also have a prejudicial interest in that business if the interest is one which a member of the public with knowledge of the relevant facts would reasonably regard as so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest.

(2) Subject to sub-paragraph (3), you will not be regarded as having a prejudicial interest in any business where that business—

(a) relates to —

(i) another relevant authority of which you are also a member;

(ii) another public authority or body exercising functions of a public nature in which you hold a position of general control or management;

(iii) a body to which you have been elected, appointed or nominated by your authority;

(iv) your role as a school governor (where not appointed or nominated by your authority) unless it relates particularly to the school of which you are a governor;

(v) your role as a member of a Local Health Board where you have not been appointed or nominated by your authority;

(b) relates to —

(i) the housing functions of your authority where you hold a tenancy or lease with your authority, provided that you do not have arrears of rent with your authority of more than two months, and provided that those functions do not relate particularly to your tenancy or lease;

(ii) the functions of your authority in respect of school meals, transport and travelling expenses, where you are a guardian, parent, grandparent or have parental responsibility (as defined in section 3 of the Children Act 1989) of a child in full time education, unless it relates particularly to the school which that child attends;

(iii) the functions of your authority in respect of statutory sick pay under Part XI of the Social Security Contributions and Benefits Act 1992, where you are in receipt of, or are entitled to the receipt of such pay from your authority;

(iv) the functions of your authority in respect of an allowance or payment made in accordance with the provisions of Part 8 of the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2011, or an allowance or pension provided under section 18 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;

(c) your role as a community councillor in relation to a grant, loan or other form of financial assistance made by your community council to community or voluntary organisations up to a maximum of £500.

(3) The exemptions in subparagraph (2)(a) do not apply where the business relates to the determination of any approval, consent, licence, permission or registration.

Overview and Scrutiny Committees

13. You also have a prejudicial interest in any business before an overview and scrutiny committee of your authority (or of a sub-committee of such a committee) where—

(a) that business relates to a decision made (whether implemented or not) or action taken by your authority's executive, board or another of your authority's committees, sub-committees, joint committees or joint subcommittees; and

(b) at the time the decision was made or action was taken, you were a member of the executive, board, committee, sub-committee, joint-committee or joint sub-committee mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) and you were present when that decision was made or action was taken.

Participation in Relation to Disclosed Interests

14.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraphs (2), (2A), (3) and (4), where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you must, unless you have obtained a dispensation from your authority's standards committee —

(a) withdraw from the room, chamber or place where a meeting considering the business is being held—

(i) where sub-paragraph (2) applies, immediately after the period for making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business has ended and in any event before further consideration of the business begins, whether or not the public are allowed to remain in attendance for such consideration; or

(ii) in any other case, whenever it becomes apparent that that business is being considered at that meeting;

(b) not exercise executive or board functions in relation to that business;

(v. 01.04.2016)

(c) not seek to influence a decision about that business;

(d) not make any written representations (whether by letter, facsimile or some other form of electronic communication) in relation to that business; and

(e) not make any oral representations (whether in person or some form of electronic communication) in respect of that business or immediately cease to make such oral representations when the prejudicial interest becomes apparent.

(2) Where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you may attend a meeting but only for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, provided that the public are also allowed to attend the meeting for the same purpose, whether under a statutory right or otherwise.

(2A) Where you have a prejudicial interest in any business of your authority you may submit written representations to a meeting relating to that business, provided that the public are allowed to attend the meeting for the purpose of making representations, answering questions or giving evidence relating to the business, whether under statutory right or otherwise.

(2B) When submitting written representations under sub-paragraph (2A) you must comply with any procedure that your authority may adopt for the submission of such representations.

(3) Sub-paragraph (1) does not prevent you attending and participating in a meeting if—

(a) you are required to attend a meeting of an overview or scrutiny committee, by such committee exercising its statutory powers; or

(b) you have the benefit of a dispensation provided that you—

(i) state at the meeting that you are relying on the dispensation; and

(ii) before or immediately after the close of the meeting give written notification to your authority containing—

(aa) details of the prejudicial interest;

(bb) details of the business to which the prejudicial interest relates;

(cc) details of, and the date on which, the dispensation was granted; and

(dd) your signature.

(4) Where you have a prejudicial interest and are making written or oral representations to your authority in reliance upon a dispensation, you must provide details of the dispensation within any such written or oral representation and, in the latter case, provide written notification to your authority within 14 days of making the representation.

PART 4 THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS

Registration of Personal Interests

15.—(1) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of—

(a) your authority's code of conduct being adopted or the mandatory provisions of this model code being applied to your authority; or

(b) your election or appointment to office (if that is later),

register your personal interests, where they fall within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer.

(v. 01.04.2016)

(2) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any new personal interest falling within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), register that new personal interest in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer.

(3) Subject to sub-paragraph (4), you must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any change to a registered personal interest falling within a category mentioned in paragraph 10(2)(a), register that change in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer, or in the case of a community council to your authority's proper officer.

(4) Sub-paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) do not apply to sensitive information determined in accordance with paragraph 16(1).

(5) Sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) do not apply if you are a member of a relevant authority which is a community council when you act in your capacity as a member of such an authority.

(6) You must, when disclosing a personal interest in accordance with paragraph 11 for the first time, register that personal interest in your authority's register of members' interests by providing written notification to your authority's monitoring officer, or in the case of a community council to your authority's proper officer.

Sensitive information

16.—(1) Where you consider that the information relating to any of your personal interests is sensitive information, and your authority's monitoring officer agrees, you need not include that information when registering that interest, or, as the case may be, a change to the interest under paragraph 15.

(2) You must, within 28 days of becoming aware of any change of circumstances which means that information excluded under sub-paragraph (1) is no longer sensitive information, notify your authority's monitoring officer, or in relation to a community council, your authority's proper officer asking that the information be included in your authority's register of members' interests.

(3) In this code, "sensitive information" ("*gwybodaeth sensitif*") means information whose availability for inspection by the public creates, or is likely to create, a serious risk that you or a person who lives with you may be subjected to violence or intimidation.

Registration of Gifts and Hospitality

17. You must, within 28 days of receiving any gift, hospitality, material benefit or advantage above a value specified in a resolution of your authority, provide written notification to your authority's monitoring officer, or in relation to a community council, to your authority's proper officer of the existence and nature of that gift, hospitality, material benefit or advantage.

ATODIAD / ENCLOSURE 2



CYNULLIAD CENEDLAETHOL CYMRU

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR WALES

OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2001 Rhif 2279 (Cy. 169)

2001 No. 2279 (W. 169)

LLYWODRAETH LEOL,
CYMRU

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ,
WALES

Rheoliadau Pwyllgorau Safonau
(Caniatáu Gollyngiadau) (Cymru)
2001

The Standards Committees (Grant
of Dispensations) (Wales)
Regulations 2001

NODYN ESBONIADOL

EXPLANATORY NOTE

(Nid yw'r nodyn hwn yn rhan o'r Rheoliadau)

(This note does not form part of the Regulations)

O dan adran 51 o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000 ("y Ddeddf") mae'n ofynnol i gynghorau sir a chynghorau bwrdeistref sirol, awdurdodau tân ac awdurdodau Parciau Cenedlaethol yng Nghymru ("awdurdodau perthnasol") fabwysiadu cod ymddygiad ar gyfer aelodau ac aelodau cyfetholedig sy'n gorfod ymgorffori unrhyw ddarpariaethau gorfodol o unrhyw god ymddygiad enghreifftiol a gyhoeddir gan Gynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru o dan adran 50(2) o'r Ddeddf.

County and county borough councils, community councils, fire authorities and National Park authorities in Wales ("relevant authorities") are required by section 51 of the Local Government Act 2000 ("the Act") to adopt a code of conduct for members and co-opted members which must incorporate any mandatory provisions of any model code of conduct issued by the National Assembly for Wales under section 50(2) of the Act.

Mae adran 81(1) a (2) o'r Ddeddf yn darparu bod yn rhaid i'r swyddog monitro ym mhob awdurdod perthnasol sefydlu a chadw cofrestr o fuddiannau aelodau ac aelodau cyfetholedig yr awdurdod a bod darpariaethau gorfodol y cod enghreifftiol sy'n gymwysadwy i bob awdurdod perthnasol yn gorfod ei gwneud yn ofynnol i aelodau ac aelodau cyfetholedig pob awdurdod gofrestru unrhyw fuddiannau ariannol ac eraill a bennir yn y darpariaethau gorfodol yng nghofrestr yr awdurdod hwnnw.

Section 81(1) and (2) of the Act provides that the monitoring officer of each relevant authority must establish and maintain a register of interests of the members and co-opted members of the authority and that the mandatory provisions of the model code applicable to each relevant authority must require the members and co-opted members of each authority to register in that authority's register such financial and other interests as are specified in the mandatory provisions.

O dan adran 81(3) a (4) o'r Ddeddf rhaid i'r darpariaethau gorfodol hynny ei gwneud yn ofynnol hefyd i aelod neu aelod cyfetholedig o awdurdod perthnasol sydd â buddiant o'r fath ei ddatgelu cyn cymryd rhan mewn unrhyw fusnes gan yr awdurdod sy'n berthnasol i'r buddiant a gwneud darpariaeth i atal yr aelod neu'r aelod cyfetholedig hwnnw rhag cymryd rhan mewn unrhyw fusnes gan yr awdurdod y mae'r buddiant a ddatgelwyd yn berthnasol iddo neu i gyfyngu ar y rhan y mae'n ei chymryd ynddo.

Under section 81(3) and (4) of the Act those mandatory provisions must also require a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority who has such an interest to disclose it before taking part in any business of the authority which relates to it and make provision for preventing or restricting the participation of that member or co-opted member in any business of the authority to which the disclosed interest relates.

Mae adran 81(4) o'r Ddeddf yn darparu nad yw unrhyw gyfranogiad gan aelod neu aelod cyfetholedig o awdurdod perthnasol mewn unrhyw fusnes a waherddir gan y darpariaethau gorfodol yn fethiant i gydymffurfio â chod ymddygiad yr awdurdod os yw'r aelod neu'r aelod cyfetholedig wedi gweithredu yn unol â gollyngiad rhag y gwaharddiad a gafodd ei ganiatáu gan bwyllgor safonau'r awdurdod yn unol â rheoliadau a wneir o dan is-adran (5).

Mae'r rheoliadau hyn yn rhagnodi'r amgylchiadau y caiff pwyllgorau safonau'r awdurdodau perthasol ganiatáu gollyngiadau o'r fath odanynt.

Section 81(4) of the Act provides that any participation by a member or co-opted member of a relevant authority in any business which is prohibited by the mandatory provisions is not a failure to comply with the authority's code of conduct if the member or co-opted member has acted in accordance with a dispensation from the prohibition granted by the authority's standards committee in accordance with regulations made under subsection (5).

These regulations prescribe the circumstances in which standards committees of relevant authorities may grant such dispensations.

2001 Rhif 2279 (Cy. 169)

LLYWODRAETH LEOL,
CYMRU

Rheoliadau Pwyllgorau Safonau
(Caniatáu Gollyngiadau) (Cymru)
2001

Wedi'u gwneud

21 Mehefin 2001

Yn dod i rym

28 Gorffennaf 2001

Mae Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru yn gwneud y Rheoliadau canlynol drwy arfer y pwerau a roddwyd iddo gan adran 81(5) ac (8) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000(a).

Enw, cychwyn, cymhwyso a dehongli

1.- (1) Enw'r Rheoliadau hyn yw Rheoliadau Pwyllgorau Safonau (Caniatáu Gollyngiadau) (Cymru) 2001 a deuant i rym ar 28 Gorffennaf 2001.

(2) Mae'r Rheoliadau hyn yn gymwys i Gymru yn unig.

(3) Yn y Rheoliadau hyn -

mae "aelod" ("*member*") yn cynnwys aelod cyfetholedig;

ystyr "awdurdod perthnasol" ("*relevant authority*") yw cyngor sir neu gyngor bwrdeistref sirol, cyngor cymuned, awdurdod tân neu awdurdod Parc Cenedlaethol;

ystyr "buddiant" ("*interest*") yw buddiant y mae'n ofynnol ei gofrestru yng nghofrestr buddiannau'r awdurdod perthnasol;

ystyr "corff gwirfoddol" ("*voluntary organisation*") yw corff (heblaw awdurdod lleol neu gorff cyhoeddus arall) sy'n cynnal ei weithgareddau heblaw ar gyfer gwneud elw;

acystyr "y Ddeddf" ("*the Act*") yw Deddf Llywodraeth Leol 2000.

(a) 2000 p. 22.

2001 No. 2279 (W. 169)

LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
WALES

The Standards Committees (Grant
of Dispensations) (Wales)
Regulations 2001

Made

21st June 2001

Coming into force

28th July 2001

The National Assembly for Wales makes the following Regulations in exercise of the power given to it by section 81(5) and (8) of the Local Government Act 2000(a).

Name, commencement, application and interpretation

1.- (1) The name of these Regulations is the Standards Committees (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001 and they shall come into force on 28th July 2001.

(2) These Regulations apply to Wales only.

(3) In these Regulations -

"interest" ("*buddiant*") means an interest which is required to be registered in the relevant authority's register of interests;

"member" ("*aelod*") includes a co-opted member;

"relevant authority" ("*awdurdod perthnasol*") means a county or county borough council, a community council, a fire authority or a National Park authority;

"the Act" ("*y Ddeddf*") means the Local Government Act 2000; and

"voluntary organisation" ("*corff gwirfoddol*") means a body (other than a local authority or other public body) whose activities are carried on otherwise than for profit.

(a) 2000 c. 22.

Yr amgylchiadau lle gellir caniatáu gollyngiadau

2. Caiff pwyllgor safonau awdurdod perthnasol ganiatáu gollyngiadau o dan adran 81(4) o'r Ddeddf -

(a) os oes gan ddim llai na hanner aelodau'r awdurdod perthnasol neu hanner aelodau un o bwyllgorau'r awdurdod (yn ôl fel y digwydd) y mae'r busnes i gael ei ystyried ganddo fuddiant sy'n berthnasol i'r busnes hwnnw;

(b) os oes gan ddim llai na hanner aelodau gweithrediaeth arweinydd a chabinet y mae'r busnes i gael ei ystyried ganddo fuddiant sy'n berthnasol i'r busnes hwnnw a bod naill ai paragraff (ch) neu baragraff (d) hefyd yn gymwys;

(c) yn achos cyngor sir neu gyngor bwrdeistref sirol, os byddai anallu aelod i gymryd rhan yn tarfu ar gydbwysedd gwleidyddol yr awdurdod perthnasol neu'r pwyllgor o'r awdurdod y mae'r busnes i'w ystyried ganddo i'r fath raddau nes y byddai'r canlyniad yn debygol o gael ei effeithio;

(ch) os yw natur buddiant yr aelod yn gyfryw fel na fyddai cyfranogiad yr aelod yn y busnes y mae'r buddiant yn berthnasol iddo yn niweidio hyder y cyhoedd yn y modd y mae busnes yr awdurdod perthnasol yn cael ei gynnal;

(d) os yw'r buddiant yn gyffredin i'r aelod ac i gyfran arwyddocaol o'r cyhoedd;

(dd) os oes cyfiawnhad i'r aelod gymryd rhan yn y busnes y mae'r buddiant yn berthnasol iddo oherwydd rôl neu arbenigedd penodol yr aelod;

(e) os yw'r busnes y mae'r buddiant yn berthnasol iddo i'w ystyried gan bwyllgor trosolygu a chraffu i'r awdurdod perthnasol ac nad yw buddiant yr aelod yn fuddiant ariannol;

(f) os yw'r busnes sydd i'w ystyried yn berthnasol i arian neu eiddo corff gwirfoddol y mae'r aelod yn aelod o'i bwyllgor neu ei fwrdd rheoli heblaw fel cynrychiolydd yr awdurdod perthnasol ac nad oes gan yr aelod unrhyw fuddiant arall yn y busnes hwnnw ar yr amod na fydd unrhyw ollyngiad yn ymestyn i gymryd rhan mewn unrhyw bleidlais mewn perthynas â'r busnes hwnnw; neu

(ff) os yw'n ymddangos i'r pwyllgor ei bod o les i drigolion ardal yr awdurdod perthnasol i'r anallu gael ei godi, ar yr amod bod hysbysiad ysgrifenedig bod y gollyngiad yn cael ei ganiatáu yn cael ei roi i Gynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru o fewn saith diwrnod a hynny mewn unrhyw fodd y gall ei bennu.

Circumstances in which dispensations may be granted

2. The standards committee of a relevant authority may grant dispensations under section 81(4) of the Act where -

(a) no fewer than half of the members of the relevant authority or of a committee of the authority (as the case may be) by which the business is to be considered has an interest which relates to that business;

(b) no fewer than half of the members of a leader and cabinet executive of the relevant authority by which the business is to be considered has an interest which relates to that business and either paragraph (d) or (e) also applies;

(c) in the case of a county or county borough council, the inability of the member to participate would upset the political balance of the relevant authority or of the committee of the authority by which the business is to be considered to such an extent that the outcome would be likely to be affected;

(d) the nature of the member's interest is such that the member's participation in the business to which the interest relates would not damage public confidence in the conduct of the relevant authority's business;

(e) the interest is common to the member and a significant proportion of the general public;

(f) the participation of the member in the business to which the interest relates is justified by the member's particular role or expertise;

(g) the business to which the interest relates is to be considered by an overview and scrutiny committee of the relevant authority and the member's interest is not a pecuniary interest;

(h) the business which is to be considered relates to the finances or property of a voluntary organisation of whose management committee or board the member is a member otherwise than as a representative of the relevant authority and the member has no other interest in that business provided that any dispensation shall not extend to participation in any vote with respect to that business; or

(i) it appears to the committee to be in the interests of the inhabitants of the area of the relevant authority that the disability should be removed provided that written notification of the grant of the dispensation is given to the National Assembly for Wales within seven days in such manner as it may specify.

Llofnodwyd ar ran Cynulliad Cenedlaethol Cymru o dan adran 66(1) o Ddeddf Llywodraeth Cymru 1998(a).

Signed on behalf of the National Assembly for Wales under section 66(1) of the Government of Wales Act 1998(a).

21 Mehefin 2001

21st June 2001

D. Elis-Thomas

Llywydd y Cynulliad Cenedlaethol

The Presiding Officer of the National Assembly

(a) 1998 p. 38.

(a) 1998 c. 38.

CYNULLIAD CENEDLAETHOL CYMRU

OFFERYNNAU STATUDOL

2001 Rhif 2279 (Cy. 169)

**LLYWODRAETH LEOL,
CYMRU**

**Rheoliadau Pwyllgorau Safonau
(Caniatáu Gollyngiadau) (Cymru)
2001**

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY FOR WALES

STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2001 No. 2279 (W. 169)

**LOCAL GOVERNMENT,
WALES**

**The Standards Committees (Grant
of Dispensations) (Wales)
Regulations 2001**

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ATODIAD / ENCLOSURE 3

WELSH STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

2016 No. 85

**The Local Government (Standards Committees,
Investigations, Dispensations and Referral)
(Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2016**

Amendments to the Standards Committees (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001

4.—(1) The Standards Committees (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001⁽¹⁾ are amended as follows.

(2) In regulation 1, in paragraph (3) in the appropriate place insert—

““community sub-committee” (*“is-bwyllgor cymunedol”*) means a sub-committee appointed by a standards committee of a local authority under section 56 of the Act;”;

““joint committee” (*“cyd-bwyllgor”*) means a committee established by two or more relevant authorities under section 53(1) of the Act;”;

““section 54A sub-committee” (*“is-bwyllgor adran 54A”*) means a sub-committee appointed by a standards committee under section 54A(1) of the Act”;

““standards committee” (*“pwyllgor safonau”*) means—

- (a) a standards committee of a relevant authority;
- (b) a joint committee;
- (c) a section 54A sub-committee; or
- (d) a community sub-committee;”.

(3) In regulation 2—

(a) at the end of paragraph (h) omit “or”;

(b) in paragraph (i), for the words that follow “removed” substitute “; or”;

(c) after paragraph (i) insert—

“(j) “it appears to the committee to be otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.”

(4) After regulation 2 insert—

“Dispensations granted in accordance with regulation 2(j)

3.—(1) A dispensation granted by the standards committee of a relevant authority under section 81(4) of the Act on the grounds set out in regulation 2(j) and which remains in effect, must be reviewed by the standards committee once in every 12 month period from the date on which the dispensation is first granted.

(2) When conducting a review under paragraph (1) the standards committee must determine whether the dispensation should continue to have effect.

Procedure and powers of standards committees

4.—(1) A standards committee of a relevant authority may refer an application for a dispensation made by a member of the authority to the standards committee of another relevant authority for consideration and determination.

(2) The monitoring officer of a relevant authority to which an application for a dispensation is made may, with the prior written consent of the chairperson of the standards committee of that authority, make arrangements for the application to be considered and determined by the standards committee of another relevant authority.

(3) Where reasonable efforts to contact the chairperson of the standards committee of the relevant authority have been unsuccessful, the vice-chairperson of the standards committee may give consent under paragraph (2).

(4) Where a monitoring officer or standards committee makes arrangements for a dispensation application to be considered and determined by the standards committee of another relevant authority, the monitoring officer or standards committee that makes those arrangements must provide notice to the person making the application accordingly.

(5) The notice to which paragraph (4) refers must include the following—

- (a) a statement that the matter has been referred to another relevant authority's standards committee for consideration and determination;
- (b) the name of the other relevant authority; and
- (c) the reason why the application has been referred to the standards committee of the other relevant authority.

(6) When the standards committee has determined the application it must give written notice of its decision to the—

- (a) member applying for the dispensation; and
- (b) standards committee of the referring relevant authority.”

Briefing Note to Members

Dispensations

This is a briefing note for Members of the Isle of Anglesey County Council on the topic of 'Dispensations'. Should Members have any queries, please contact the Monitoring Officer.

The Isle of Anglesey County Council's Code of Conduct for Members

No Member is allowed to participate in a matter where he/she has an interest which is prejudicial* unless a dispensation has already been granted by the Council's Standards Committee. This information is contained in [paragraph 14 of the Code](#)

Grounds on which a dispensation may be granted

The grounds on which a dispensation may be granted are:-

1. At least half of the relevant Members (Council/Committee) would be unable to take part in a meeting because of a prejudicial interest;
2. The lack of participation by Members would affect political balance;
3. The nature of the interest is such that participation would not damage public confidence in the decision;
4. The Applicant Member's interest is common to a significant proportion of the general public;
5. The Applicant Member's particular role or expertise would justify participation;
6. The interest is registrable but not financial and the decision will be considered by a scrutiny committee
7. The business relates to the finances or property of a voluntary organisation and the Applicant Member sits on its board or committee in his/her own right, and he/she does not have any other interest [although in this instance, any dispensation will not allow the Applicant Member to vote on the matter];
8. The Standards Committee believes that the Applicant Member's participation would be in the interest of the people in the Council's area and the Committee notifies Welsh Ministers within 7 days of the dispensation being granted; or
9. The Standards Committee believes it appropriate to grant the dispensation, as a practical solution to the disability (infirmity) of the Applicant Member which otherwise would make it difficult for them to leave a room/chamber when a matter in which they have a prejudicial* interest is being discussed.

What is the application process for a dispensation?

The Applicant Member must apply in writing to the Standards Committee and will usually be expected to attend the meeting of the Standards Committee Panel which will take the decision.

An Applicant Member may apply individually or, in common circumstances, a joint or collective application may be made by more than one Member.

The Standards Committee will consider all applications on their own facts; balancing the public interest in preventing those with prejudicial* interests from taking part in decisions while maximising the public interest in democratic participation.

The decision as to whether a dispensation shall be granted is at the Standards Committee's discretion. The terms and duration of any dispensation shall be decided by the Standards Committee.

If the Standards Committee approves an application it must grant the dispensation in writing. No Member may rely on a dispensation until such time as the written decision has been published. Where necessary, and possible, this will be expedited.

Requirements on Members when relying on a dispensation

Once the Standards Committee has approved an application and has granted the dispensation, in writing, the Member will then be able to participate (subject to any limitations imposed) despite his/her prejudicial* interest.

(a) Meetings:

Where a Member has a dispensation and wants to participate in a meeting to discuss the relevant matter, the Member must:

- (i) state at the meeting, when the item is to be discussed, that he/she is relying on a dispensation; and
- (ii) before, or immediately after the close of the meeting, he/she must give written notification** to the Council.

The notification must include:

- 1. details of the prejudicial* interest for which the dispensation was granted;
- 2. details of the business to which the prejudicial* interest relates;
- 3. details of the dispensation, including the date on which it was granted, and
- 4. the Member's signature.

(b) Written representations:

Where a Member has been provided with a dispensation, and is making written representations to the Council, the Member must provide details of the dispensation in any correspondence on the subject to which the dispensation relates.

(c) Oral representations:

Where a Member has been provided with a dispensation, and is making oral representations to the Council, that Member must:

- (i) include details of the dispensation in any oral representations and
- (ii) provide written notification** to the Council within 14 days of making the oral representations

Footnote/definitions

- * prejudicial interests – these are personal interests (listed in the Members' Code of Conduct) which an objective observer would consider so significant that they are likely to compromise the Member's ability to put the public interest first.
- ** written notification – in formal meetings, Members may rely upon the standard form of declaration. In informal meetings Members must provide written confirmation to the lead officer and ask that the dispensation be included in any informal minute/file note of the meeting.

THE ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL

DISPENSATION APPLICATION TO THE STANDARDS COMMITTEE
BY A MEMBER OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL

Name of Member:	
Member's contact details:	
Ward:	
Nature of prejudicial interest* in respect of which the Dispensation is sought:	
Business in which the Member wishes to participate:	
Type of Dispensation sought (tick as necessary and insert any required information):	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> write to officers [and/or the Executive / Committee / Council] about the issue; <input type="checkbox"/> speak to officers of the Council about the issue [in the presence of two other persons] [who are not Trustees or Board Members of [INSERT]], provided a note is taken of any such discussions; <input type="checkbox"/> speak at Executive/Committee/Council meetings and answer any questions about the issue; <input type="checkbox"/> remain in the room during any debate/voting on the issue; <input type="checkbox"/> vote at such meetings; <input type="checkbox"/> other
Statutory Ground/s under which Dispensation is requested (See overleaf for available grounds):	
Is the interest registered as per Section 81(1) & (2) of the LGA 2000:	Yes / No
Date by which a decision is required:	
Signed:	Date:

* Prejudicial Interests – these are personal interests which an objective observer would consider so significant that they are likely to compromise a member's ability to act in the public interest

Circumstances When A Standards Committee May Grant Dispensation

The Standards Committee (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001 as amended by The Local Government (Standards Committees, Investigations, Dispensations and Referral) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2016 specifies that the Council's Standards Committee may grant dispensations under Section 81(4) of the Local Government Act 2000 where:

- (a) no fewer than half of the Members of the Council or of a Committee of the Council (as the case may be) by which the business is to be considered has an interest which relates to that business;
- (b) no fewer than half of the Members of the Executive of the Council (i.e. Leader and Cabinet) by which the business is to be considered has an interest which relates to that business and either paragraph (d) or (e) also applies;
- (c) Members' inability to participate would upset the political balance of the Council, or any of its committees by which the business is to be considered, to such an extent that the outcome would be likely to be affected;
- (d) the nature of the Member's interest is such that the Member's participation in the business to which the interest relates would not damage public confidence in the conduct of the Council's business;
- (e) the interest is common to the Member and a significant proportion of the general public;
- (f) the participation of the Member in the business to which the interest relates is justified by the Member's particular role or expertise;
- (g) the registerable interest relates to business which is to be considered by Scrutiny Committee of the Council, and the Member's interest is not a pecuniary/financial interest;
- (h) the business relates to the finances or property of a voluntary organisation of whose management committee or board the Member is a member otherwise than as a representative of the Council and the Member has no other interest in that business, provided that any dispensation shall not extend to participation in any vote with respect to that business;
- (i) it appears to the Standard Committee to be in the interest of the inhabitants of the area of the Council that the disability should be removed, provided that written notification of the grant of the dispensation is given to the National Assembly for Wales within 7 days. Such a notification should specify the Member to whom the dispensation would apply and the Standards Committee's reasons why the disability should be removed; or
- (j) it appears to the committee to be appropriate to grant the dispensation, as a practical solution to the disability (infirmity) of the Member which otherwise would make it difficult for them to leave a room/chamber when a matter in which they have a prejudicial interest is being discussed.

THE ISLE OF ANGLESEY COUNTY COUNCIL
DECISION OF THE STANDARDS COMMITTEE
IN RELATION TO AN APPLICATION FOR DISPENSATION
BY A MEMBER OF THE COUNTY COUNCIL

Decision of the Standards Committee:	
Date decision made by the Standards Committee:	
Name of persons to be notified of the Standards Committee's decision:	
Date any dispensation expires:	

Pursuant to paragraph [] of The Standards Committee (Grant of Dispensations) (Wales) Regulations 2001 as amended by The Local Government (Standards Committees, Investigations, Dispensations and Referral) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2016, the Standards Committee has resolved to **grant a dispensation** to Councillor [] in respect of that / those interest(s) referred to in the Application at page 1, which permits the Councillor to:

- write to officers [and/or the Executive/Committee/Council] about the issue;
- speak to officers of the Council about the issue [in the presence of two other persons] [who are not Trustees or Board Members of [INSERT]], provided a note is taken of any such discussions;
- speak at Executive/Committee/Council meetings and answer any questions about the issue;
- remain in the room during any debate/voting on the issue;
- vote at such meetings;
- other

The Councillor can therefore speak [and vote] at Executive/Committee/Council meetings in relation to the issue and answer any questions from members of the Executive/ Committee/Council [but must leave the meeting before matters that the Councillor speaks upon are debated or voted up on] OR [and may remain in the room during the debate and vote on the issue but must not vote on the issue].

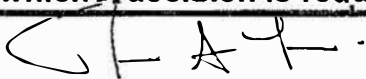
Before the Councillor speaks with, or writes to, officers of the Council, or speaks at Executive/Committee/Council meetings on the issue, the Councillor must still:-

- declare an interest in the matter; and
- confirm that a dispensation has been granted to allow the Councillor to speak [and vote] about it; and
- complete the notification to the Clerk setting out the interest and the dispensation.

By authority of the Isle of Anglesey County Council's Standards Committee

Dated: _____

**APPLICATION FOR DISPENSATION TO THE STANDARDS COMMITTEE
BY A TOWN OR COMMUNITY COUNCILLOR**

Name of Applicant:	CLLR RHIAN JONES
Contact details:	r.jones@beaumaristowncouncil.gov.uk
Name of Town / Community Council:	BEAUMARIS TOWN COUNCIL
Details of the prejudicial interest* in respect of which the Dispensation is sought:	FAMILY CONNECTION WITH CHAIR AND VICE-CHAIR OF THE BEAUMARIS CHAMBER OF TRADE AND TOURISM
Business in which the applicant wishes to participate:	AGENDA ITEMS AND MEETINGS RELATING TO THE CHAMBER OF TRADE.
Type of Dispensation sought (tick as necessary and insert any required information):	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> write to officers [and/or the Committee/Community Council] about the matter; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> speak to officers of the Community Council about the matter [with/ without conditions [INSERT]] (A) SEE ATTACHED (i) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> speak at Committee meetings/Community Council meetings and answer any questions about the issue; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> remain in the room during any debate/vote on the issue (available when Member has a disability); <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> vote; <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> participate fully in any public meetings and meetings of any outside bodies etc. <input type="checkbox"/> other – please specify: _____
Statutory Ground/s under which Dispensation is requested (See overleaf for possible grounds available):	SEE ATTACHED (ii)
Date by which a decision is required:	ASAP
Signed: 	Date: 9.3.26

* Prejudicial Interests – These are personal interests which an objective observer would consider so significant that they are likely to compromise a Councillor’s ability to act in the public interest

Application for dispensation to the standards committee by a town or community councillor

Additional information

Type of dispensation sought

Speak to officers of the community council about the matter [with/without conditions]

I suggest dispensation is granted provided I do not speak to officers of the Community Council, about the individual businesses operated by the people with whom I have a family connection

Statutory Ground/s Under which dispensation is requested:

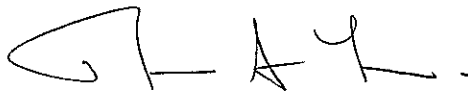
if the interest is common to the member and a significant proportion of the general public

if the participation of the member in the business to which the interest relates is justified by the member's particular role or expertise

if it appears to the committee to be in the interests of the inhabitants of the area of the relevant authority that the disability should be removed

or

if it appears to the committee that it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation



Rhian Jones
9 March 2026

DISPENSATION CONSIDERATIONS -**Guidance for the Standards Committee Panel when considering Councillors' applications for dispensation:**

1. Reading:
 - Consider the Report prepared by / on behalf of the Monitoring Officer.
 - Consider the enclosures to the Report, particularly the Application Form completed by the Councillor, in order to gather all facts.

2. Multiple Applications:
 - Deal with each application individually and on its own facts.
 - Consider following a procedure at the Hearing:
 - o Gather background / general information (if needed);
 - o Listen to Councillor A's application / ask questions if in attendance / ask the Clerk;
 - o Retire to consider Councillor A's application;
 - o Resume – may announce the decision in relation to Councillor A's application, or may defer announcing the decision until all applications have been considered;
 - o Repeat, depending on the number of applications to be considered.

3. Personal / Prejudicial Interest:
 - For each application, determine –
 - o Is there a PERSONAL INTEREST?
 - Consider the Code of Conduct (included as an enclosure to the Report) – what is the personal interest?
 - o Is the personal interest PREJUDICIAL?
 - Again, consider the Code of Conduct (included as an enclosure to the Report) – is the personal interest also prejudicial?
 - If there is no personal interest, or the personal interest is not prejudicial, there is no need to consider an application for dispensation as the Councillor is able to fully participate in the business.

4. Ground for Dispensation:
 - Where there is a personal interest which is prejudicial, consider the GROUND on which the dispensation may be granted. The grounds are listed on the back of the Application Form.
 - o Has the Applicant correctly identified these on the Application Form?
 - o Has the Applicant included all required Dispensations on the Form i.e. for voting / speaking / writing etc.?

5. Restrictions / Limitations on the Dispensation:
 - When deciding whether or not to grant the Dispensation, consider (if the Dispensation is to be granted) if any restrictions or limitations are required. Matters such as if the Councillor can speak but not vote or whether the dispensation is for one meeting only or the duration of the Council term.

6. Decision Form
 - In granting the dispensation, the Panel will need to complete the Decision Form which details (a) the decision of the Standards Committee; (b) the date when the decision is made; (c) who should be informed of the decision; (d) the date when the dispensation expires; (e) under which ground(s) the dispensation is being granted; and (f) what the dispensation allows the Councillor to do (i.e. speak, vote etc.).